



Gansu Shengyue Breeding Co., Ltd. Qingyang Breeder Farm Heating Case Study

LTSA35-18 low-intensity tube radiant heating solution for 10 breeder houses in Qingyang, Gansu



Keywarm Case Study

Case Snapshot

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|-------------|--|
| User | Gansu Sunjoy Poultry Development Co., Ltd. |
| Location | Zhenyuan County, Qingyang, Gansu, China |
| Application | Breeder farm heating |
| Buildings | 10 breeder houses |

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|---------------------------|--|
| House Size | 120 m × 13.5 m × 3.5 m per house |
| Model | LTSA35-18 |
| Unit Specification | 35 kW, 18 m linear low-intensity tube radiant heater |
| Per House | 8 units installed per house |
| Climate Condition | Winter minimum temperature about -20°C |
| Target Temperature | Required house temperature: 33°C |

Project Overview

The Qingyang breeder-farm project of Gansu Sunjoy Poultry Development Co., Ltd. is located in Qingyang, Gansu, where winter minimum temperature can reach about -20°C. The project covers 10 breeder houses, each measuring 120 m × 13.5 m × 3.5 m. Such long poultry houses place high demands on winter warm-up performance, temperature uniformity and heat coverage along the full building length. To meet this requirement, the project adopted LTSA35-18 linear low-intensity tube radiant heaters as the main heating equipment, with 8 units installed in each house. By arranging the units in two evenly distributed rows, the heating system was designed to support the required indoor temperature of 33°C during winter operation.

Project Challenges

- Each house is 120 m long, so poor equipment layout could easily create temperature differences between the front and rear sections.
- The local winter minimum temperature is about -20°C, requiring reliable warm-up and heat retention performance.
- The target house temperature is 33°C, so both heating speed and indoor thermal stability matter.
- The solution needed a clear layout logic that also supports later operation and management.

Keywarm Solution

- The project uses LTSA35-18 linear low-intensity tube radiant heaters (35 kW, 18 m) as the main heating equipment, with 8 units installed in each house.
- The heaters are arranged in two evenly distributed rows, located 6 m from the front end, 12 m from the fan end, and 2 m from the side wall, creating a clearer heat-coverage path.
- Low-intensity tube radiant heating does not rely only on heating the entire air volume first; instead, it delivers heat more directly to the occupied activity zone inside the house.
- The regularized layout also supports standardized replication, operation and maintenance across all 10 breeder houses.

Why the System Works

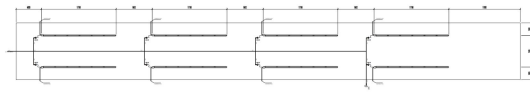
- It better matches the heat-coverage requirement of long poultry houses.
- Two evenly arranged rows help create a more continuous heated zone along the building length.
- Clear spacing from the front end, fan end and side wall helps balance heating effect and on-site layout conditions.
- Low-intensity tube radiant heating is well suited to breeder-house applications that require a stable thermal environment.

Performance & Customer Value

Through the standardized deployment of LTSA35-18, the project established a clear and repeatable radiant-heating path for 10 breeder houses in Qingyang, Gansu. Under winter ambient conditions as low as -

20°C, the system was configured to meet the required house temperature of 33°C with a layout better suited to the building form. Compared with approaches that depend primarily on heating the whole air volume, low-intensity tube radiant heating focuses more on creating continuous and stable heat coverage along the poultry-house length, which is more aligned with breeder-house requirements for uniform thermal conditions and stable operation.

Project Photos



低密度辐射采暖设备平面布置图



Equipment layout drawing showing the two-row arrangement logic



Relationship between the heater and the breeding area



LTSA35-18 close-up and along-wall installation scene



Aisle and occupied activity zone inside the house

Recommended Applications

- Breeder houses
- Brooding houses
- Layer houses
- Poultry buildings requiring a stable thermal environment
- Agricultural projects suitable for standardized and repeatable layouts